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## The 65th ASH Annual Meeting Abstracts

## **ORAL ABSTRACTS**

## 627.AGGRESSIVE LYMPHOMAS: CLINICAL AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL

Early Results Indicate Acceptable Safety and Promising Efficacy of Venetoclax in Combination with Pola-R-CHP for Untreated High-Risk BCL-2-Positive B-Cell Lymphoma Including Double/Triple Hit Lymphoma

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Background: The Phase II CAVALLI study assessed the B-cell lymphoma 2 (BCL-2) inhibitor venetoclax (Ven; 800mg for 10 days [Ds]) + rituximab (R), cyclophosphamide (C), doxorubicin (H), vincristine (O) and prednisolone (P; R-CHOP), for first line treatment of diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL). The end of treatment (EOT) complete response (CR) rate was 64% in patients (pts) with BCL-2 overexpression by immunohistochemistry (BCL-2 IHC+); there was a 2-year progression-free survival (PFS) benefit compared with R-CHOP (GOYA trial; 78% vs 62%); but a higher incidence of Grade (Gr) 3/4 adverse events (AEs; 86% vs 66%, respectively; Morschhauser et al. Blood 2021).

In the Phase III POLARIX study, polatuzumab vedotin (Pola)-R-CHP had a prolonged PFS vs R-CHOP, establishing Pola-R-CHP as standard of care for untreated DLBCL (Tilly et al. N Engl J Med 2022; Morschhauser et al. EHA 2022), Thus, we explored whether adding Ven to Pola-R-CHP could further improve outcomes in BCL-2 IHC+ DLBCL. Here, we report early safety and efficacy results from a Phase Ib study (BO42203; NCT04790903), evaluating the optimal dose/schedule of Ven+Pola-R-CHP. Methods: BO42203 is an ongoing open-label, multicenter study of pts with untreated BCL-2 IHC+ DLBCL (including Grade 3b follicular lymphoma). Pts enrolled had an International Prognostic Index (IPI) of 2-5, and BCL-2 IHC+ defined as >50% expression (by local pathology).

The primary endpoint is to determine the recommended Phase II dose (RP2D) for Ven+Pola R-CHP based on the rate of dose-limiting toxicity (DLT) during the first 2 cycles (42 Ds), with tolerability assessed by dose modifications/delays and discontinuation. Secondary endpoints include percentage of pts with AEs, and PET-based response rates/duration.

Pts are enrolled in 5 cohorts (n=10 pts each). Safety data are reviewed by an internal monitoring committee (IMC) who can alter the Ven dose/schedule for the next cohort. Pts receive 6 21-D cycles of treatment. Pola-R-CHP is administered on D1 of each cycle at the following doses: Pola 1.8mg/kg, R 375mg/m<sup>2</sup>, C 750mg/m<sup>2</sup>, H 50mg/m<sup>2</sup>, and P 100mg/D for 5 Ds. All pts in Cohort 1 were assigned to Ven 800mg/D for 5 Ds/cycle; doses start on D4 of Cycle 1 and D1 of subsequent cycles (Schedule A) with optional escalation to 10 Ds/cycle from Cohort 2 onwards (Schedule B), depending on IMC assessment.

Results: At the time of analysis (data cutoff: May 2, 2023), 4 cohorts were enrolled (n=40). At baseline, the median age was 64.0 years, 14 (35.0%) pts were female, and 5 (12.5%) had an Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status of 2.

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Thirty-six (90.0%) pts had Ann Arbor Stage III-IV; 30 (75.0%) had an IPI score of >3; and 10 (25.0%) had poor risk cytogenetics (double/triple hit lymphoma [DHL/THL]).

Thirty-eight pts have completed the DLT period; 2 pts withdrew prior to this due to meningitis and a COVID-related AE. No DLTs have been observed. Gr ≥3 myelosuppression was observed in Cohort 1 after the DLT period: neutropenia (n=5 pts [50.0%]), neutrophil count decreased (n=2 [20.0%]), and febrile neutropenia (n=1 [10.0%]). Hence, after IMC review of Cohorts 1-3 it was decided that Schedule A will be maintained/received by all future pts, as the benefit-risk of increasing the Ven schedule may not be favorable.

Safety and efficacy analyses were performed on Cohorts 1-3 (n=30) as they have reached the EOT. All pts had ≥1 AE; 21 (70.0%) and 11 (36.7%) pts had at least one Gr  $\geq$ 3 AE ( **Table**) and serious AE (SAE), respectively; 2 (6.7%) pts died due to treatment-related SAEs (investigator-assessed; sudden cardiac death [related to Ven] and sepsis [related to Ven+Pola-R-CHP)). AEs leading to dose modification/delay of any drug occurred in 11 (36.7%; 23 events) pts; 21 (91.3%) AEs led to Ven modification in 10 pts (33.3%); and 3 (10.0%) pts had an AE that led to discontinuation of any study drug.

Response was evaluated in 30 pts, with an EOT PET-CT based objective response rate and CR of 86.7% (n=26; including all pts with DHL/THL [n=8; CR: 100%]); 1 pt had progressive disease [PD], and 3 were not assessed due to death (n=2) and early discontinuation (n=1; **Figure**). Three (10.0%) pts died due to PD.

Conclusions: Ven 800mg/D for 5 Ds/cycle + Pola-R-CHP has been determined as the RP2D; early results show acceptable safety and promising efficacy for untreated BCL-2 IHC+ DLBCL. High CR rates were observed across all cohorts at EOT, including pts with DHL/THL. Updated results, including circulating tumor DNA, will be presented.

Disclosures Zelenetz: Janssen Pharmaceuticals: Consultancy, Honoraria; None other than mutual funds (401K): Current equity holder in publicly-traded company; Pharmacyclics: Consultancy, Honoraria; SAB: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; Lymphoma Research Foundation: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; MEI Pharma Inc: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Abbvie: Research Funding; Gilead: Consultancy, Honoraria; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria; BeiGene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; BMS: Consultancy, Honoraria. Diefenbach: Gillead: Current equity holder in publiclytraded company; OverT Therapeutics: Current equity holder in private company; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd/Genentech, Inc., BMS, Merck, Abbvie, Novartis, Celgene, Cargo, Nekktar: Research Funding; Genmab, Abbvie, Regeneron, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd/Genentech, Inc., Seattle Genetics, Merck: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees. Herbaux: AbbVie, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, AstraZeneca, Janssen: Honoraria; AbbVie, Takeda: Research Funding; AbbVie, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, AstraZeneca, Janssen: Consultancy; Physician and professor of Hematology at academic center (CHU Montpellier France): Current Employment. Tani: Abbvie, Jansen-Cilag, Incyte: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees. Houot: Kite/Gilead, Novartis, Bristol-Myers Squibb/Celgene, ADC Therapeutics, Incyte, Miltenyi: Consultancy; Kite/Gilead, Novartis, Incyte, Janssen, MSD, Takeda, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Honoraria. Bastos-Oreiro: SEHH, AMHH: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; BMS, Kite, Novartis, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, Incyte, Abbvie: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; Incyte, Kite: Consultancy; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, Kite, SEHH, AMHH: Research Funding; Gregorio Maranon Hospital: Current Employment, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees. Tilly: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Honoraria, Research Funding; BMS, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, ADC therapeutics: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees. Thieblemont: Cellectis: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Novartis: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Roche: Consultancy, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses, Research Funding; Kite: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Kyte, Gilead, Novartis, BMS, Abbvie, F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, Amgen: Honoraria; Janssen: Honoraria, Other: Travel Expenses; BMS/Celgene: Consultancy, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses, Research Funding; Gilead Sciences: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Hospira: Research Funding; Amgen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Incyte: Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; Bayer: Honoraria; Paris University, Assistance Publique, hopitaux de Paris (APHP): Current Employment; AbbVie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Other: Travel Expenses; Takeda: Honoraria, Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees. Troy-Barnes: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Products Ltd: Current Employment; University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, North Middlesex University Hospital NHS Trust: Ended employment in the past 24 months; Whittington Health NHS Trust (honorary contract): Honoraria. Olivieri: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment, Current equity holder in private company. Kesavan: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment; Oxford university hospitals NHS Trust: Ended employment in the past 24 months. Kanwar: Viatris: Ended employment in the past 24 months; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment. Barlera: Member of the DSMB for an independent (not sponsored) study conducted at the Mario Negri Institute, no fees: Other. Hatzi: Genentech, Inc., F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment, Current equity holder in publicly-traded company. Jiang: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment, Current equity holder in publicly-traded company. Boyer: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Current Employment. Morschhauser: F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, Gilead, AbbVie: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, AbbVie, BMS, Genmab, Gilead, Novartis: Consultancy.

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OffLabel Disclosure: Venetoclax plus Pola-R-CHP is an investigational combination. Venetoclax (Venclexta) is a BCL-2 inhibitor indicated: for the treatment of adult pts with CLL or SLL; in combination with azacitidine, or decitabine, or low-dose cytarabine for the treatment of newly diagnosed AML in adults 75 years or older, or who have comorbidities that preclude use of intensive induction chemo. Polatuzumab vedotin (Pola) is a CD79b-directed antibody-drug conjugate indicated: in combination with a rituximab product, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, and prednisone (R-CHP) for the treatment of adult patients who have previously untreated DLBCL, NOS or HGBL and who have an IPI score of 2 or greater; and in combination with bendamustine and a rituximab product for the treatment of adult pts with relapsed or refractory DLBCL, NOS after at least two prior therapies.

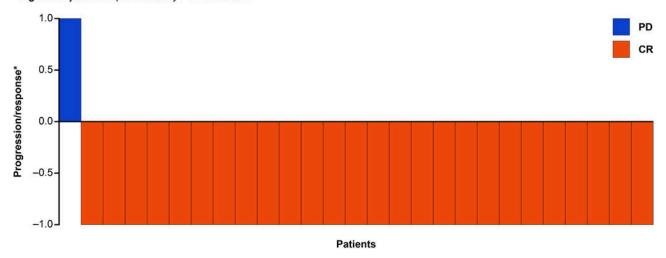
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Table. Most common\* Grade ≥3 AEs† in the first three cohorts.

n, (%)	Cohort 1 (n=10)	Cohort 2 (n=10)	Cohort 3 (n=10)	Total (n=30)
Patients with ≥1 AE	8 (80.0)	8 (80.0)	5 (50.0)	21 (70.0)
Total number of events‡	37	22	28	87
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	5 (50.0)	4 (40.0)	3 (30.0)	12 (40.0)
Neutropenia	5 (50.0)	3 (30.0)	3 (30.0)	11 (36.7)
Anemia	1 (10.0)	2 (20.0)	1 (10.0)	4 (13.3)
Febrile neutropenia	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	3 (10.0)
Thrombocytopenia	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	3 (10.0)
Leukopenia	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	0 (0)	1 (3.3)
Investigations	3 (30.0)	3 (30.0)	2 (20.0)	8 (26.7)
Lymphocyte count decreased	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	3 (10.0)
Neutrophil count decreased	2 (20.0)	1 (10.0)	0 (0)	3 (10.0)
WBC count decreased	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	3 (10.0)
ALT increased	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (3.3)
AST increased	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (3.3)
Infections and infestations	2 (20.0)	1 (10.0)	2 (20.0)	5 (16.7)
Sepsis	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	2 (6.7)
COVID-19	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (3.3)
Diverticulitis	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (3.3)
Infection	1 (10.0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3.3)
Pseudomonal bacteremia	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (10.0)	1 (3.3)
Stoma site infection	1 (10.0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3.3)
Gastrointestinal disorders	2 (20.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	4 (13.3)
Diarrhea	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	1 (10.0)	3 (10.0)
Dysphagia	1 (10.0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3.3)

<sup>\*</sup>Most common is defined as AEs, per MedDRA system organ class, that occurred in >10.0% of total pts across all three cohorts.

Figure. Objective response rate by PET-CT at EOT



<sup>\*</sup>A positive number indicates progression; a negative number indicates response. At EOT, 26 patients had achieved CR, 1 patient had PD (but had achieved PR at Cycle 4), 2 patients had died (due to SAEs), and 1 patient had discontinued prior to treatment completion. CR, complete response; EOT, end of treatment; PET-CT, positron emission-computed tomography; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SAE, serious adverse event.

Figure 1

<sup>\*</sup>Investigator text for AEs encoded using MedDRA version 26.0; only treatment-emergent AEs are displayed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Multiple occurrences of the same AE in an individual are counted separately.

AE, adverse event; ALT, alanine aminotransferase; AST, aspartate aminotransferase; MedDRA, medical dictionary for regulatory activities; pts, patients; WBC, white blood cell.